

Worksheet 1 - What did you see?





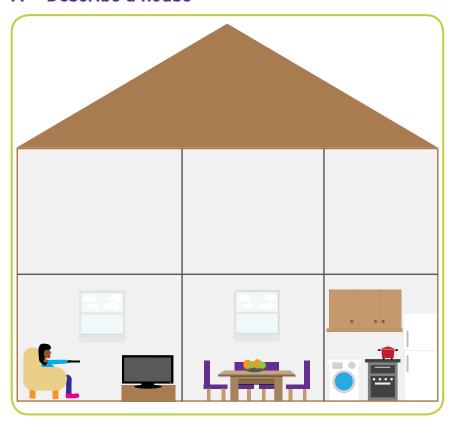
Worksheet 2 - Example animal vocabulary



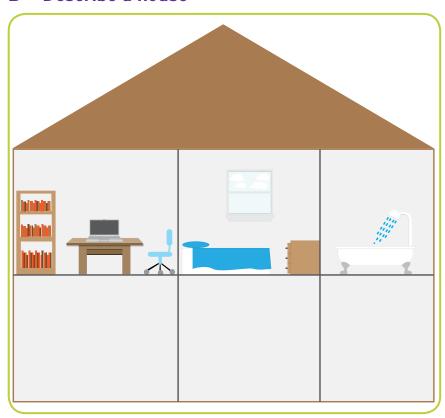


Worksheet 2 - Describe a house

A - Describe a house



B – Describe a house





Preparation Activities - GESE Grade 2

See page 6 for information on the language requirements for GESE Grade 2.

Practice 1 - Things in your home

- possessions, rooms, furniture and household objects
- in, on, under, between, next to
- there is/there are
- mine, yours, his, hers, theirs
- 1. Put labels on things in your home (kitchen, chair, kettle, table...).



2. Cover the labels. Try to remember the words.



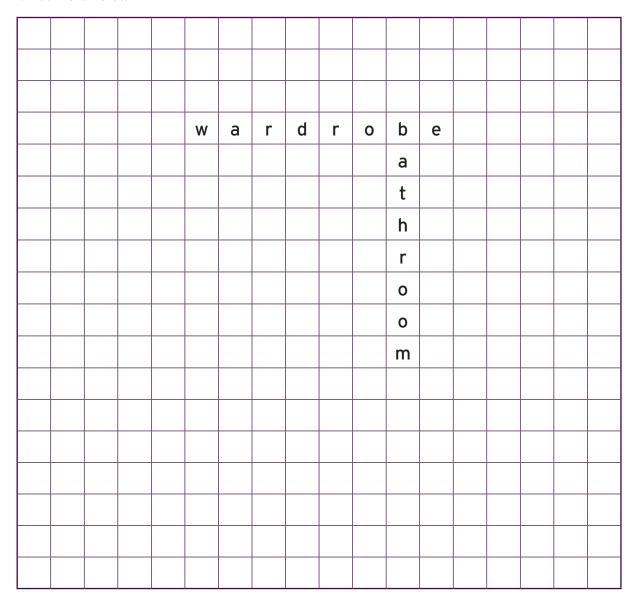
3. Where are the things in the room?



- Where do you live?
- ▶ What's your favourite room? Describe it.
- Who do you live with?
- What things are yours? What things belong to other people? For example: 'The mobile phone is mine.' 'Those colouring books are theirs.' 'The laptop is his.'

Practice 2 - Words

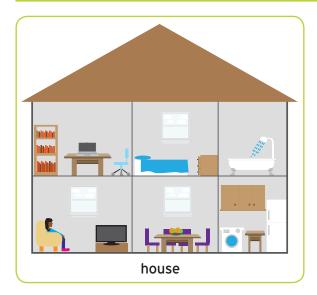
- possessions, rooms, furniture and household objects
- there is/are, has/have got
- in, on, under, between, next to
- 1. Add more words.

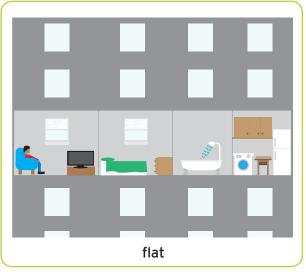


2. Look at your words and talk about them. For example: 'I've got a wardrobe in my bedroom and it's white. I've got a small bathroom. In the bathroom is a shower and a wash basin.'

Practice 3 - Rooms in your home

- possessions, rooms, furniture and household objects
- my, your, his, her, its, their
- there is/are, has/have got
- in, on, under, between, next to





- Do you live in a house or a flat?
- Name the rooms in the pictures. For example: living room, kitchen, bedroom
- Describe the rooms. For example: 'In the kitchen there's a fridge and next to the fridge is a table.

 The fridge is white and the table is brown.'
- ▶ Go into the rooms in your home. Describe what you see.
- What's your favourite room? Think about: the colour, the furniture and the objects in your favourite room.
- Describe your favourite room to someone.



Practice 4 – Describe pictures

- words to talk about people and things
- there is/are, has/have got
- in, on, under, between, next to
- 1. Take some photos with your mobile phone.





2. Look at your photos. Describe them.



There's a tall man in a blue jacket next to a car. He's got brown hair. There are four cars.



There are two people on a seat. The man has got a newspaper. There are trees and flowers.

3. Look at your photos. Answer questions about them.

Who...?

When...?

Where...?

What...?

How many...?

How old...?

Practice 5 – Words you hear

- days and months
- new words
- numbers 1-50
- 1. Write today's day and month in a book.
- 2. Write the new words you hear and see today.
- 3. Learn the words.





- 4. Do this every day.
- 5. Count how many words you learn every day. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6...
- 6. Count how many words you learn every week. 38, 39, 40, 41...
- 7. Say the days of the week: 'Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday.'
- 8. Say the months of the year: 'January, February, March, April, May, June, July, August, September, October, November, December.'
- When is your birthday?
- What is the month now?
- What's your favourite month?

Language requirements

Language functions

- Indicating the position of people and objects
- Describing people, animals, objects and places very simply
- Stating simple facts
- Informing about possessions
- Asking very simple questions about personal details

Grammar

The candidate is expected to demonstrate the ability to **understand**:

- Present simple tense questions
- Question words who? when?
- Present continuous tense questions
- Determiners some, any

The candidate is expected to demonstrate the ability to understand and use:

- Present simple tense
- ▶ There is/are and has/have got/have you got? Do you have?
- Question words where? how?
- Prepositions of place in, on, under, between, next to
- Determiners their, its
- Possessive pronouns mine, yours, his, hers
- Yes/no answers to present continuous tense questions

You can also find this information on page 17 of the Exam Information booklet at www.trinitycollege.com/GESEexaminformation



Preparation Activities – GESE Grade 3

See page 6 for information on the language requirements and communicative skills for GESE Grade 3.

Practise 1 - Weekly diary

- Describing daily routines and times
- Times and dates
- Describing states in the past
- Past tense of the verb to be
- Places in the local area
- Place of study

Fill in the chart on page two at the end of the day:

- 1. Write the date.
- 2. Write three different times of day.
- 3. Write the weather use a whole sentence.
- **4.** Write where you were.

At the end of the week, read your diary aloud.

Example:

Date	Time	Weather	Where were you?
Monday	In the morning	It was cloudy.	I was at work.
The third of April	In the afternoon	It was sunny.	I was at school.
	At 8 o'clock		I was in the gym.
Tuesday	In the morning	It was cold.	I was at work.
The fourth of April	At 4 o'clock	It was rainy.	
	In the evening		I was in Brighton.

Date	Time	Weather	Where were you?
Monday	In the	It was	I was at/in
The of	In the	It was	
	At		
Tuesday	In the	It was	I was at/in
The of	In the	It was	
	At		
Wednesday	In	It was	I was
The	In	It	
	At		
Thursday	In	It	I
	In	It	
	At		
Friday			
Saturday			
Saturady			
Sunday			

Practise 2 - Daily routines and free time

- Describing daily routines and times
- Asking simple questions about everyday life
- Home life
- Free time
- Times and dates
- Link words and, and then
- 1. Which of the activities below do you do?
- 2. When do you do them? Put the activities in time order for you by writing a number by each activity.
- 3. Write the time that you do the activity.
- **4.** Say whole sentences about the activities. Give more information. For example: 'I get up at 7 o'clock and then have a shower. On Saturdays, I meet my friends and we play football in the park.'
- **5.** Write six questions to ask a friend. For example: 'What time do you get up?', 'And then what do you do?', 'What do you do in your free time?'
- **6.** Ask your friend about their routine. Is it similar to yours?



Practise 3 - My photos

- Describing current activities of real people or those in pictures
- Asking simple questions about everyday life
- Present continuous tense
- Prepositions of movement from, to, up, down, along, across
- 1. Take one photograph a day for a week using your mobile phone or camera.
- 2. At the end of the week, look at your photographs and answer these questions:
 - What time was it?
 - Where were you?
 - What is happening in the photograph?
 - What are the people doing?
- **3.** Show a friend your photos and describe them.
- **4.** Ask your friend to show you some photos ask them about the pictures.



It was lunchtime. I was in the school canteen. I'm having lunch with my friends. They are talking and eating.

Practise 4 - My friends and family

- 1. Think of five people you know with different jobs
- 2. Where do they work?
- 3. Where do you think they are at this exact moment?
- 4. What do you think they are doing right now?

Make notes like this example:

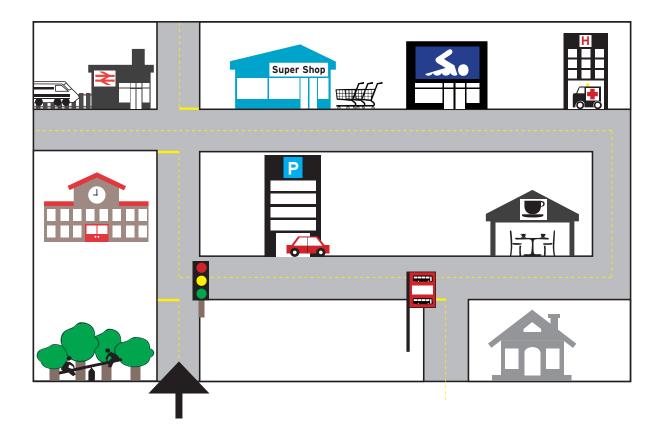
1.	My brother (nurse)	My neighbour (office worker)	My son (cleaner)	My friend David (computer programmer)	My friend Marisa (chef)
2.	In the hospital	In an office	In a hotel	In an office	In a restaurant
3.	At home	At work	At home	At work	At work
4.	He's sleeping	He's doing his job	He's resting	He's having his lunch	She's cooking

Practise 5 - Directions

1. Add the place names in the box to the map below

School	Swimming pool	Café	Park	House
Bus stop	Car park	Hospital	Train station	Supermarket

- **2.** Choose three places and describe where they are, for example: 'The café is next to the car park and opposite the house.'
- **3.** Imagine you are at the arrow below. How do you get to your three places? For example: 'Go straight until you reach the traffic lights, then turn right and go past the car park. It's on the left.'
- 4. Draw a similar map for your local town. Repeat steps 1-3.



Language requirements

Language functions

- Describing daily routines and times
- Giving dates
- Expressing ability and inability
- Giving very simple directions and locations
- Describing current activities of real people or those in pictures
- Describing states in the past
- Asking simple questions about everyday life

Grammar

- Present continuous tense
- Can and can't
- Prepositions of movement from, to, up, down, along, across
- Prepositions of time on, in, at
- Prepositions of place near, in front of, behind, opposite
- Past tense of the verb to be
- Link words and, and then

Lexis

- Jobs
- Places in the local area
- Place of study
- Home life
- Weather
- Free time
- Times and dates
- Ordinal numbers up to 31st for dates
- Words and phrases relating to the language functions listed above

Communicative skills

- ▶ Show understanding by responding appropriately to simple questions and requests
- Use basic sentence patterns and phrases to communicate limited information related to simple everyday situations
- Exchange basic information about everyday life and activities by asking and answering simple questions
- Link groups of words in a very simple way using and, and then

You can also find this information on page 19 of the Exam Information booklet at www.trinitycollege.com/GESEexaminformation



Preparation Activities - GESE Grade 5

Here are some activities to help you to practise the language functions and types of grammar you need to use in the exam.

Language requirements

Language functions

- ▶ Talking about the future informing and predicting
- Expressing preferences
- ▶ Talking about events in the indefinite and recent past
- Giving reasons
- Stating the duration of events
- Quantifying

Grammar

- Present perfect tense including use with for, since, ever, never, just
- Connecting clauses using because
- Will referring to the future for informing and predicting
- Adjectives and adverbials of quantity, for example: a lot (of), not very much, many
- Expressions of preference, for example: I prefer, I'd rather

You can also find this information on page 27 of the Exam Information booklet at www.trinitycollege.com/GESEexaminformation

Practise

- present perfect (for example: has/have been, has/have taken)
- past simple (for example: went, took)
- future using will

Your diary

Day one

At the end of the day:

write five things you've done (present perfect).

For example:

- I've washed the dishes.
- I've watched the news on TV.
- I've made 10 phone calls.

Day two

As above:

write five things you've done today.

Now:

write five things you did yesterday – on day one (past simple).

For example: Yesterday I washed the dishes. I watched the news on TV. I made 10 phone calls.

Day three

As above:

- write five things you've done today (present perfect)
- write five things you did yesterday (past simple).

Now:

write five things you think you'll do tomorrow (future using will).

For example: Tomorrow I'll pay my electricity bill. I'll go shopping at the supermarket.

Day four

- Write five things you've done or haven't done today (present perfect).
- Write five things you did yesterday (past simple).
- Write five things you'll do tomorrow (future with will).

For example: Today I haven't paid my electricity bill. I've been to the supermarket.

Day five/six/seven

Try to do this exercise for a week.

Practise

- present perfect (for example: has/have moved, has/have changed)
- past simple (for example: was/were, put)
- a lot (of), not very much/many

Spot the difference

You can do this in any room.

- Ask someone (a friend, a family member) to move or change 10 objects in the room while you wait outside.
- When you come back in, try to find the differences.

For example:

- You've moved the armchair.' (present perfect) 'It was next to the window.' (past simple)
- 'You've switched on the lamp.'

Were there a lot of changes? How many?

Practise

- preferences (for example: *I prefer*, *I'd rather*)
- Write down pairs of words. For example: jogging/swimming, potatoes/rice, films/documentaries, TV/cinema, classical music/pop music.
- Decide which one you prefer: For example: I prefer jogging to swimming.
- Ask a friend: 'Which do you prefer?'
- During the day think about things you see and hear compare them. For example: I prefer blue to green. I prefer mornings to evenings. I prefer having a shower to having a bath. I'd rather go to the park than go shopping.

Practise

- the duraction of events (for example: for, since)
- giving reasons (because)

How long?

Complete the table below.

For example:

- I can hold my breath for one minute.
- I usually boil eggs for five minutes.
- I went to Scotland for a week.
- I'd love to go on holiday for a month.

for one minute
for five minutes
for 10 minutes
for an hour
for a week
for a month
for a year
for 10 years
for ever!

Show a friend what you've written. Ask him or her to comment on it. For example:

- I don't like eggs very much. I'd put 'do the washing up' because that takes me about five minutes every morning.
- I've never been to Scotland but I'd like to go there.
- I'd like to go to the seaside for a week. I've wanted to do that since I was a child.

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The subject areas for the Conversation Phase of GESE Grade 5 are:

- Festivals
- Means of transport
- Special occasions, for example: birthday celebrations
- Entertainment, for example: cinema, television
- Music
- Recent personal experiences

Interview a friend

Choose one of the subjects and think of five questions to ask someone about it. Try to make your questions using these language items:

Question one (present pe	erfect): Have you		?
Question two: Why	?		
Question three: Will	?		
Question four: How mucl	h/many/often	?	
Question five:	prefer	?	

Now practise interviewing a friend or someone in your family. Think about all the subject areas and what you could say for each one.

Remember!

- ▶ The examiner will choose just two of the subject areas to talk to you about.
- ▶ The examiner isn't testing your knowledge of the subjects, just your language.